

movement intelligence before control

a story on where to look in biology

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biology-inspired approach to robotics #1:

movement intelligence is

caused by

superior control

("a robot with a biological brain")









cerebellar models 1: the CMAC







parallel fibers granule cell mossy fibers



cerebellar models 2: the APG

• Houk, Barto, Fagg (1989)









cerebellar models 3: the MPFIM

- Wolpert, Kawato (1998, 2000)
- Peters, van der Smagt (2001)









and more and more...

- Smith's "Fairly Obvious Extension" (APG with vector-eligibility)
- Schweighofer's model (biologically inspired)
- Hoff/Bekey Method (combined with spinal model)
- CNS-BU Model (VOR)
- Jabri et al (multi-layer Perceptron)
- 2009: Jörntell, Nilsson (high-level model "LSAM")



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from high-level (cerebellar) views

- cerebellar lesions lead to *ataxia*, lack of order in movement---but movement is very possible
- there are *huge delays* in the PNS which prevent fast feedback loops
- recent theories see the cerebellum as a *filter* which smooths out cortical movement patterns with inertial feedback

• ...somehow the controlled system must be smarter







biology-inspired approach to robotics #2:

movement intelligence is present despite

control

("a computer with a biological body")









let's see how nature did all of these

step 1: let us try to understand the human body in its

- kinematics
- statics
- dynamics

step 2: let us *then* add intelligent control







1 kinematics problem: modelling the human hand





Stillfried & van der Smagt, Proc. ICABB, 2010 Stillfried & & van der Smagt, J. Biomech, 2012 Synek & Stillfried, BioRob 2012









1 kinematics problem': tracking

MRI

• repeatable position of rigid structure

• high costs

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- costly post-processing
- single-participant only
- deformation not quantifiable















1 kinematics problem': tracking

tracking system

- novel marker system
- "highly accurate"
- real-time



- costly
- skin deformations



Gierlach & Gustus & van der Smagt, BioRob 2012



 marker assignment done through unique markers



1 kinematics problem': tracking

Kinect

- "marker-free"
- real-time
- portable

• low accuracy



Cordella & & van der Smagt, BioRob 2012







2 statics intrinsic stiffness of the human fingers





Höppner & & van der Smagt, IROS 2012

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2 statics intrinsic stiffness of the human **limbs**





Höppner & & van der Smagt, Proc. ICABB, 2010





3 dynamics

controlled stiffness of the human fingers



biomimetic robotics & machine learning Dominikus Gierlach

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3 dynamics controlled stiffness of the human limbs (5D)



Lakatos & & van der Smagt, NCM 2012 Lakatos & & van der Smagt, ISER 2012

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nature copes by reducing DoF to DoM



Castellini & van der Smagt, ICAR 2011

пπ



nature copes by reducing DoF to DoM



Castellini & van der Smagt, ICAR 2011

пπ



back to intelligent control fingers





Bitzer & van der Smagt, 2006 Castellini & van der Smagt, 2009





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back to intelligent control arm



Vogel & & van der Smagt, IROS 2011





the technology we built







credits

the 2012 BRML group: Justin Bayer (time series learning) Claudio Castellini (prosthetics) Nadine Fligge (grasping) Agneta Gustus (hand dynamics) Hannes Höppner (arm dynamics) Dominik Lakatos (robot dynamics) Christian Osendorfer (deep nets) Thomas Rückstiess (reinf. learn) Georg Stillfried (hand model) Michael Strohmayr (skin) Sebastian Urban (map learning) Holger Urbanek (EMG) Jörn Vogel (BCI)

supported by:

The Hand Embodied (FP7) NinaPro (SNF) SPP autonomous learning (DFG) STIFF (FP7) (past) VIACTORS (FP7) (past) SKILLS (FP6) (past) CoTeSys (DFG) (past) SENSOPAC (FP6) (past) **NEUROBOTICS (FP6) (past)**

- students:



Sebastián Aced (EMG electronics) Constantin Böhm (arm impedance) Daniele Casaburo (EMG source sep.) Sarah Diot-Girard (deep networks) Dominikus Gierlach (spinal models) David Gonzalez (ultrasound) Andreas Goss (finger model) Barbara Hilsenbeck (finger EMG) Rachel Hornung (learning) Daniela Korhammer (EEG) Marvin Ludersdorfer (feetback) Stefan Zoell (design)